## CE 474 - Class 09

## September 14, 2015

### TRANSPORTATION .... in the news

## 5 Things to Know About Driving on Marijuana

#### By THE ASSOCIATED PRESS

WASHINGTON — The legalization of recreational marijuana in two states — Colorado and Washington — and <u>medical marijuana</u> in more than 20 others has raised concern that there will be more drivers stoned behind the wheel. What's not clear is whether that will translate into an increase in fatal crashes. WHA

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Although marijuana had a less dramatic effect than alcohol on drivers the study found it still impairs " one measure of driving performance." The drug reduced the drivers' peripheral vision giving them tunnel vision.

#### WHAT WE KNOW

**Ehe New Hork Eimes** While marijuana users can perform

simple tasks well while they are high, brain imaging has shown that they have to use more of their brain to do so. Their reaction times are slower, peripheral vision is decreased and multitasking impeded. As a result, when sudden or surprising things occur to complicate those tasks — such as when a pedestrian steps in front of a car — they cannot respond as well. On the other hand, marijuana users tend to be aware they are impaired and try to compensate for it.

## For next time...

- Review the following activities in preparation for class work:
  - A19
  - A20
  - -A21

**Class og (9.14)** Discuss: A15, A16 results Mini-lecture: A17 Discuss: A17 CTQ Do/Discuss: A18 Homework (due 9.16):

Preview: <u>A19</u>, <u>A20</u>, <u>A21</u>













- 1. What are the three basic actuated timing processes?
- 2. For each of these timing processes, describe:
  - When each process begins
  - How the timer functions
- 3. Describe the condition or conditions that must be true for a phase to terminate.

The *minimum green timer* becomes active when the phase becomes active. The timer begins at the value set for the minimum green time and times down until it reaches zero, or times out. The green indication will be displayed for at least the minimum green time.



- Timers or timing processes
  - Minimum green •
  - Maximum green •
  - Vehicle extension/passage time/gap time •

The *maximum green timer* remains off at the beginning of a phase, until a serviceable call is received on a conflicting phase. When such a call is received, the maximum green timer will become active and will begin to time down. When the maximum green timer reaches zero and expires, the phase will terminate even if the passage timer is still active.



- Timers or timing processes
  - Minimum green
  - Maximum green
  - Vehicle extension/passage time/gap time

The *passage timer* also becomes active when the phase becomes active. The passage timer begins at its established value and times down until it reaches zero, or times out. However, if a call is received on the active phase during this timing process (when the passage timer is active), the passage timer will be reset. But when the passage timer expires, and if the minimum green timer has expired, the green display will turn off and the phase will begin to terminate.



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- Phase termination at isolated actuated controller
  - Gap out
  - Max out





## For next time...

![](_page_12_Figure_1.jpeg)

Email to me: One question that you have on today's discussion on timing processes.